AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1. (Original) An absorbent interlabial device having a body contacting surface, a garment facing surface opposing the body contacting surface, an interior region, and a periphery region which surrounds the interior region, the body contacting surface being liquid permeable, the absorbent interlabial device comprising:

an absorbent member disposed between the garment facing surface and the body contacting surface, the absorbent member having a body facing surface and a garment facing surface opposing the body facing surface;

wherein the absorbent interlabial device has a convex portion on the body contacting surface in the interior region, and a concave portion on the garment facing surface in the interior region, and the convex portion and the concave portion are formed in a face-to-face relationship.

- 2. (Currently Amended) The absorbent interlabial device of Claim 1, wherein the absorbent member is an absorbent core having a body facing surface and a garment facing surface opposing the body facing surface, and the interlabial device further comprises a liquid permeable topsheet disposed on the body facing surface of the absorbent core, wherein the topsheet has forms the body contacting surface.
- 3. (Currently Amended) The absorbent interlabial device of Claim 2, further comprising a liquid impermeable backsheet disposed on the garment facing surface of the absorbent core, wherein the backsheet has forms the garment facing surface.
- 4. (Original) The absorbent interlabial device of Claim 3, wherein the topsheet, the absorbent core and the backsheet are layered to form a laminate structure.
- 5. (Currently Amended) The absorbent interlabial device of Claim 1, wherein the convex portion and the concave portion form a shape selected from the group consisting of a dome shape, a cone shape, or a pillar shape.
- 6-7. (Currently Cancelled)
- 8. (Currently Amended) The absorbent interlabial device of Claim 1, wherein the absorbent interlabial device has the <u>a</u> longitudinal length of from about 60 mm to about 150 mm and the traversal <u>a transverse</u> width of from about 20 mm to about 80 mm.

9. (Currently Cancelled)

- 10. (Currently Amended) The absorbent interlabial device of Claim 9 8, wherein the convex portion has the a longitudinal length of from about 10 mm to about 80 mm.
- 11. (Currently Amended) The absorbent interlabial device of Claim 8, wherein the convex portion has the a height of from about 5 mm to about 50 mm.
- 12. (Currently Amended) The absorbent interlabial device of Claim 1, wherein the periphery region of the absorbent interlabial device has a circumference edge which forms a <u>shape selected</u> from the group consisting of a circle, an ellipse, a triangle, a rectangle, or a gourd-shape.
- 13. (Original) A method for making an absorbent interlabial device having a body contacting surface, a garment facing surface opposing the body contacting surface, an interior region, a periphery region which surrounds the interior region, a convex portion on the body contacting surface in the interior region, a concave portion on the garment facing surface in the interior region, and the convex portion and the concave portion are formed in a face-to-face relationship, the method comprising the steps of:

supplying two absorbent members each having first and second surfaces opposing each other, the first surfaces of the two absorbent members being in a face-to-face relationship; and

seaming a part of the two absorbent members along a predetermined seam line such that the two absorbent members form the convex portion and the concave portion.

- 14. (Original) The method of Claim 13, wherein one of the first and second surfaces of the two absorbent members is liquid permeable.
- 15. (Currently Amended) The method of Claim 14, wherein the first surfaces of the two absorbent members is <u>are</u> liquid permeable, and the method further comprises the step of turning over the two absorbent members so that the first surfaces of the two absorbent members are exposed.
- 16. (Original) The method of Claim 13, wherein the two absorbent members are formed from a unitary absorbent member having first and second surfaces opposing each other and a predetermined folding line, and the step of supplying two absorbent members comprises the steps of supplying the

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unitary absorbent member, and folding the unitary absorbent member along the predetermined folding line.

17. (Original) The method of Claim 13, wherein the absorbent member includes a liquid permeable topsheet material and an absorbent core material which are layered.